

MiniSKiiP<sup>®</sup> 2

3-phase bridge rectifier + brake chopper + 3-phase bridge inverter SKIIP 25NAB065V10

#### Features

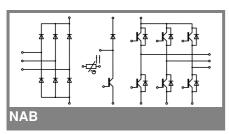
- Ultrafast NPT IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

### **Typical Applications\***

- Inverter up to 10 kVA
- Typical motor power 4,0 kW

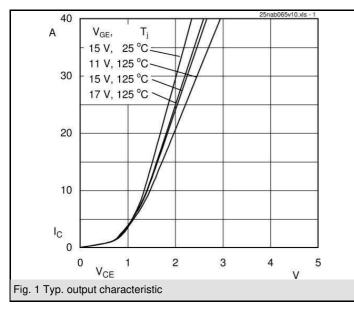
#### Remarks

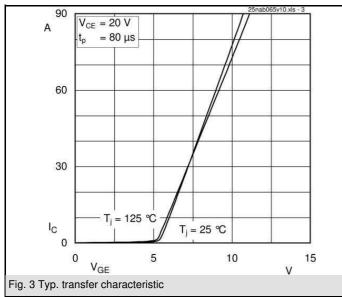
V<sub>CEsat</sub>, V<sub>F</sub> = chip level value

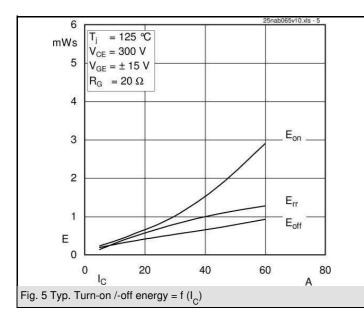


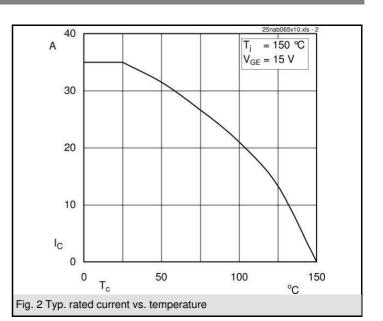
Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_s$ = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified		
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units	
IGBT - Inverter, Chopper				
V <sub>CES</sub>		600	V	
I <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 (70) °C	38 (28)	А	
I <sub>CRM</sub>		60	Α	
V <sub>GES</sub>		± 20	V	
Т <sub>ј</sub>		- 40 + 150	°C	
Diode - Inverter, Chopper				
I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 (70) °C	40 (30)	А	
I <sub>FRM</sub>		60	А	
Т <sub>ј</sub>		- 40 + 150	°C	
Diode - Rectifier				
V <sub>RRM</sub>		800	V	
I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>s</sub> = 70 °C	46	А	
I <sub>FSM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms, sin 180 °, T <sub>i</sub> = 25 °C	370	А	
i²t	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms, sin 180 °, T <sub>i</sub> = 25 °C	680	A²s	
T <sub>j</sub>		- 40 + 150	°C	
Module				
I <sub>tRMS</sub>	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	60	А	
T <sub>stg</sub>		- 40 + 125	°C	
V <sub>isol</sub>	AC, 1 min.	2500	V	

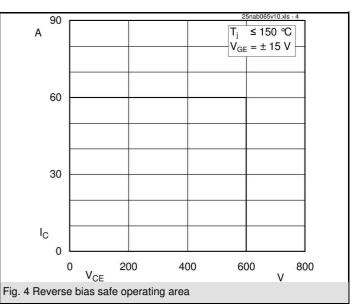
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline Symbol & Conditions & min. typ. \\ \hline IGBT - Inverter, Chopper & & & \\ \hline V_{CEsat} & I_{Cnom} = 30 \text{ A}, T_j = 25 (125) \ ^{\circ}\text{C} & & 2 (2,2) \\ \hline V_{GE(th)} & V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_C = 0,5 \ \text{mA} & 3 & 4 \\ \hline V_{CE(TO)} & T_j = 25 (125) \ ^{\circ}\text{C} & & 1,2 (1,1) \\ r_T & T_j = 25 (125) \ ^{\circ}\text{C} & & 27 (37) \\ \hline C_{ies} & V_{CE} = 25 \ V, V_{GE} = 0 \ V, f = 1 \ \text{MHz} & & 1,5 \\ \hline \end{array}$	<b>max.</b> 2,5 (2,7) 5 1,3 (1,2) 40 (50)	Units			
$ \begin{array}{c c} V_{CEsat} & I_{Cnom} = 30 \text{ A}, \ T_j = 25 \ (125) \ ^\circ C & 2 \ (2,2) \\ V_{GE(th)} & V_{GE} = V_{CE}, \ I_C = 0,5 \ \text{mA} & 3 & 4 \\ V_{CE(TO)} & T_j = 25 \ (125) \ ^\circ C & 1,2 \ (1,1) \\ r_T & T_j = 25 \ (125) \ ^\circ C & 27 \ (37) \\ C_{ies} & V_{CE} = 25 \ \text{V}, \ V_{GE} = 0 \ \text{V}, \ f = 1 \ \text{MHz} & 1,5 \\ \end{array} $	5 1,3 (1,2)	V V			
$ \begin{array}{c c} V_{GE(th)} & V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_{C} = 0,5 \text{ mA} & 3 & 4 \\ V_{CE(TO)} & T_{j} = 25 \ (125) \ ^{\circ}\text{C} & 1,2 \ (1,1) \\ r_{T} & T_{j} = 25 \ (125) \ ^{\circ}\text{C} & 27 \ (37) \\ C_{ies} & V_{CE} = 25 \ V, \ V_{GE} = 0 \ V, \ f = 1 \ \text{MHz} & 1,5 \\ \end{array} $	5 1,3 (1,2)	V V			
$ \begin{array}{ccc} V_{CE(TO)} & T_{j} = 25 \ (125) \ ^{\circ}C & & 1,2 \ (1,1) \\ r_{T} & T_{j} = 25 \ (125) \ ^{\circ}C & & 27 \ (37) \\ C_{ies} & V_{CE} = 25 \ V, \ V_{GE} = 0 \ V, \ f = 1 \ MHz & 1,5 \end{array} $	1,3 (1,2)	V			
$ \begin{array}{ccc} V_{CE(TO)} & T_{j} = 25 \ (125) \ ^{\circ}\text{C} & & 1,2 \ (1,1) \\ r_{T} & T_{j} = 25 \ (125) \ ^{\circ}\text{C} & & 27 \ (37) \\ C_{ies} & V_{CE} = 25 \ V, \ V_{GE} = 0 \ V, \ f = 1 \ \text{MHz} & & 1,5 \end{array} $	,	-			
$C_{ies}$ $V_{CE} = 25 V, V_{GE} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz$ 1,5	40 (50)	mΩ			
100 02 02					
		nF			
$C_{oes}$ $V_{CE} = 25 V, V_{GE} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz$ 0,2		nF			
C <sub>res</sub> V <sub>CE</sub> = 25 V, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz 0,1		nF			
R <sub>th(j-s)</sub> per IGBT 1,05		K/W			
t <sub>d(on)</sub> under following conditions 20		ns			
$t_r = V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ 20		ns			
$t_{d(off)}$ I <sub>Cnom</sub> = 30 A, T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C 180		ns			
$t_f = R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 20 \Omega$ 20		ns			
E <sub>on</sub> inductive load 0,9		mJ			
E <sub>off</sub> 0,7		mJ			
Diode - Inverter, Chopper					
$V_{F} = V_{EC}$   $I_{Fnom} = 30 \text{ A}, T_{i} = 25 (125) ^{\circ}C$ 1,5 (1,5)	1,8 (1,8)	V			
$V_{(TO)}$ T <sub>i</sub> = 25 (125) °C 1 (0,9)	1,1 (1)	V			
$r_{\rm T}$ $T_{\rm j} = 25 (125) ^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 18 (20)	23 (27)	mΩ			
R <sub>th(j-s)</sub> per diode 1,5		K/W			
I <sub>RRM</sub> under following conditions 58		А			
$Q_{rr} = 30 \text{ A}, V_{R} = 300 \text{ V}$ 3,5		μC			
$E_{rr}$ $V_{GE} = 0 V, T_{i} = 125 °C$ 0,8		mJ			
di <sub>F</sub> /dt = 2500 A/µs					
Diode - Rectifier					
V <sub>F</sub>   I <sub>Fnom</sub> = 25 A, T <sub>i</sub> = 25 °C 1,1		V			
$V_{(TO)}$ $T_{i} = 150 \ ^{\circ}C$ 0,8		V			
$r_{\rm T}$ $T_{\rm i} = 150 ^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 13		mΩ			
R <sub>th(j-s)</sub> per diode 1,25		K/W			
Temperature Sensor					
$R_{ts}$ 3 %, $T_r = 25 (100) °C$ 1000(1670	)	Ω			
Mechanical Data					
w 65		g			
M <sub>s</sub> Mounting torque 2	2,5	Nm			

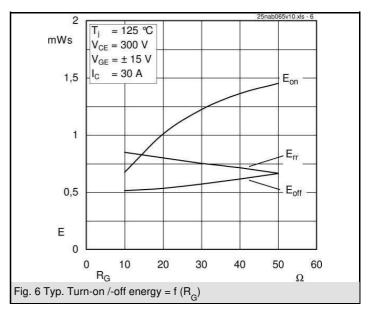


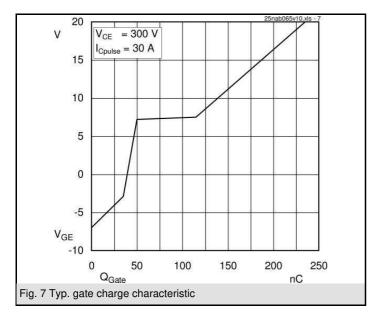


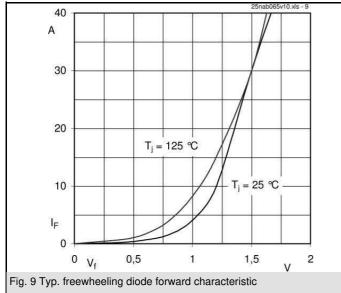


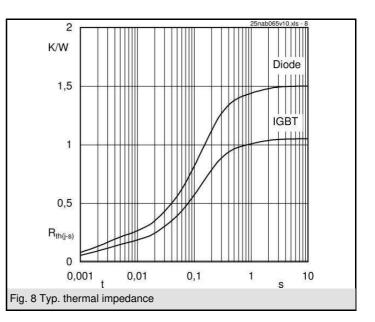


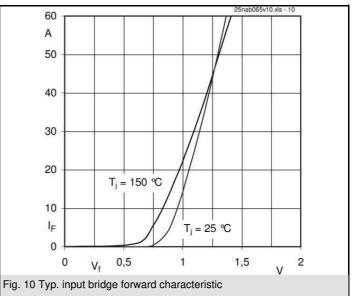


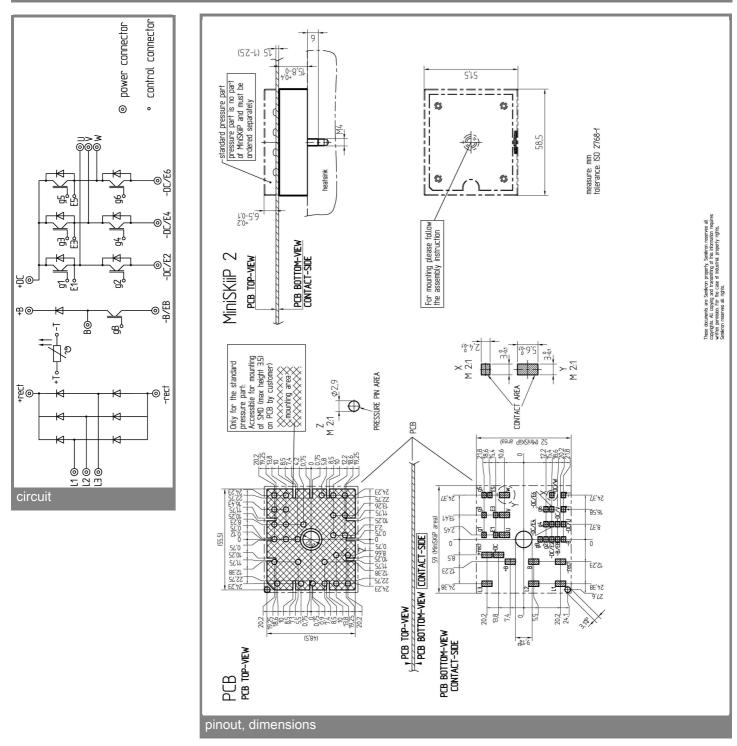












This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

\* The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our personal.